

OFFICIAL GAZETTE



GOVERNMENT OF GOA

NOTE: There is one Extraordinary issue to the Official Gazette, Series I No. 4 dated 22-4-93 as follows: Extraordinary dated 22-4-93 from pages 71 to 72 regarding Proclamation from Urban Development Dept.

GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Revenue Department

Notification

16/39/84-RD-Vol. I (Part file)

In exercise of powers conferred by clause (c) of Section 2 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Public Moneys (Recovery of Dues) Act, 1986, the Government of Goa hereby specifies the Goa, Daman and Diu Industrial Development Corporation, established under the Goa, Daman and Diu Industrial Development Act, 1965 (Act 22 of 1965) as a Corporation for the purpose of the said Act.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

B. N. Bhat, Under Secretary (Revenue) to the Government of Goa.

Panaji, 8th April, 1993.

Law (Legal and Legislative Affairs) Department

Notification

10-2-92/LA

The Essential Commodities (Special Provisions) Amendment Ordinance, 1993 (No. 1 of 1993) which has been promulgated by the President of India and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 2-1-1993, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 1st February, 1993.

MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 2nd January, 1993/
Pausa 12, 1914 (Saka)

THE ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES (SPECIAL PROVISIONS) AMENDMENT ORDINANCE, 1993

No. 1 of 1993

Promulgated by the President in the Forty-third Year of the Republic of India

An Ordinance further to amend the Essential Commodities (Special Provisions) Act, 1981 and to make special provisions by way of amendment to the Essential Commodities Act, 1955.

Whereas the Essential Commodities (Special Provisions) Amendment Ordinance, 1992, to provide for the aforesaid matters was promulgated by the President on the 27th day of August, 1992;

And Whereas the Essential Commodities (Special Provisions) Amendment Bill, 1992 was introduced in the House of the People to replace the said Ordinance, but has not been passed;

And Whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Act may be called the Essential Commodities (Special Provisions) Amendment Ordinance, 1993.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 27th day of August, 1992.

2. *Amendment of preamble.*—In paragraph 2 of the preamble to the Essential Commodities (Special Provisions) Act, 1981 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for the words “ten years”, the words “fifteen years” shall be substituted.

3. *Amendment of section 1.*—In section 1 of the principal Act, in sub-section (3), for the words

"ten years", the words "fifteen years" shall be substituted.

4. *Insertion of new section 9A.*— After section 9 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted:—

'9A. *Insertion of new section 10AA in Act 10 of 1955.*— In the Essential Commodities Act, 1955, after section 10A, the following section shall be inserted namely:—

10AA. *Power to arrest.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, 2 of 1974. no officer below the rank of an officer in charge of a police station or any police officer authorised by him in this behalf in writing, shall arrest any person accused of committing an offence punishable under this Act.'

5. *Repeal and saving.*— (1) The Essential Commodities (Special Provisions) Amendment Ordinance, 1992 is hereby repealed. Ord. 12 of 1992.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the principal Act, as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the principal Act, as amended by this Ordinance.

SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA,
President.

K. L. MOHANPURIA,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Notification

10-2-92/LA

The Interest on Delayed Payments to Small Scale and Ancillary Industrial Undertakings Ordinance, 1993 (No. 4 of 1993) which has been promulgated by the President of India and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 2-1-1993, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).
Panaji, 1st February, 1993.

MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND
COMPANY AFFAIRS

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 2nd January, 1993
Pausa 12, 1914 (Saka)

THE INTEREST ON DELAYED PAYMENTS
TO SMALL SCALE AND ANCILLARY
INDUSTRIAL UNDERTAKINGS
ORDINANCE, 1993.

No. 4 of 1993

Promulgated by the President in the Forty-third
Year of the Republic of India

An Ordinance to provide for and regulate the payments of interest on delayed payments to small scale and ancillary industrial undertakings and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Whereas the Interest on Delayed Payments to Small Scale and Ancillary Industrial Undertakings Ordinance, 1992 to provide for the aforesaid matters was promulgated by the President on the 23rd day of September, 1992;

And whereas the Interest on Delayed Payments to Small Scale and Ancillary Industrial Undertakings Bill, 1992 was introduced in the House of the People to replace the said Ordinance, but has not been passed;

And whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

Now therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*— (1) This Ordinance may be called the Interest on Delayed Payments to Small Scale and Ancillary Industrial Undertakings, Ordinance 1993.

(2) It extends to the whole of India, except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 23rd day of September, 1992.

2. *Definitions.*— In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "ancillary industrial undertaking" has the meaning assigned to it by clause (aa) of section 3 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951;

65 of 1951.

(b) "appointed day" means the day following immediately after the expiry of the period of thirty days from the day of acceptance or the day of deemed acceptance of any goods or any services by a buyer from a supplier;

Explanation.— For the purposes of this clause,—

(i) "the day of acceptance" means,—

(a) the day of the actual delivery of goods or the rendering of services; or

(b) where any objection is made in writing by the buyer regarding acceptance of goods or services within thirty days from the day of the delivery of goods or the rendering of services, the day on which such objection is removed by the supplier;

(ii) "the day of deemed acceptance" means, where no objection is made in writing by the buyer regarding acceptance of goods or services within thirty days from the day of the delivery

of goods or the rendering of services, the day of the actual delivery of goods or the rendering of services;

(c) "buyer" means whoever buys any goods or receives any services from a supplier for consideration;

(d) "goods" means every kind of movable property other than actionable claims and money;

(e) "small scale industrial undertaking" has the meaning assigned to it by clause (j) of section 3 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951; 65 of 1951.

(f) "supplier" means an ancillary industrial undertaking or a small scale industrial undertaking holding a permanent registration certificate issued by the Directorate of Industries of a State or Union territory.

3. *Liability of buyer to make payment.*—Where any supplier supplies any goods or renders any services to any buyer, the buyer shall make payment therefore on or before the date agreed upon between him and the supplier in writing or, where there is no agreement in this behalf, before the appointed day.

4. *Date from which and rate at which interest is payable.*—Where any buyer fails to make payment of the amount to the supplier, as required under section 3, the buyer shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any agreement between the buyer and the supplier or in any law for the time being in force, be liable to pay interest to the supplier on that amount from the appointed day or, as the case may be, from the date immediately following the date agreed upon, at such rate which is five per cent. points above the floor rate for comparable lending.

Explanation.—For the purposes of section, "floor rate for comparable lending" means the highest of the minimum lending rates charged by scheduled banks (not being co-operative banks) on credit limits in accordance with the directions given or issued to banking companies generally by the Reserve Bank of India under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. 10 of 1949.

5. *Liability of buyer to pay compound interest.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in any agreement between a supplier and a buyer or in any law for the time being in force, the buyer shall be liable to pay compound interest (with monthly rests) at the rate mentioned in section 4 on the amount due to the supplier.

6. *Recovery of amount due.*—The amount due from a buyer, together with the amount of interest calculated in accordance with the provisions of section 4 and 5, shall be recoverable by the supplier from the buyer by way of a suit or other proceeding under any law for the time being in force.

7. *Appeal.*—No appeal against any decree, award or other order shall be entertained by any court or other authority unless the appellant (not being a supplier) has deposited with it seventy-five

per cent. of the amount in terms of the decree, award or, as the case may be, other order in the manner directed by such court or, as the case may be, such authority.

8. *Requirement to specify unpaid amount with interest in the annual statement of accounts.*—Where any buyer is required to get his annual accounts audited under any law for the time being in force, such buyer shall specify the amount together with the interest in his annual statement of accounts as remains unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year.

9. *Interest not to be allowed as deduction from income.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in the Income-tax Act, 1961, the amount of interest payable or paid by any buyer, under or in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, shall not, for the purposes of computation of income under that Act, be allowed as deduction. 43 of 1961.

10. *Overriding effect.*—The provisions of this Ordinance shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force.

11. *Repeal and saving.*—(1) The Interest on Delayed Payments to Small Scale and Ancillary Industrial Undertakings Ordinance, 1992 is hereby repealed. Ord. 15 of 1992.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Ordinance so repealed shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Ordinance.

SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA,
President.

K. L. MOHANPURIA,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Notification

10-2-92/LA

The National Thermal Power Corporation Limited, The National Hydroelectric Power Corporation Limited and the North-Eastern Electric Power Corporation Limited (Acquisition and Transfer of Power Transmission Systems) Ordinance, 1993 (No. 10 of 1993) which has been promulgated by the President of India and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 8-1-1993, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 25th February, 1993.

MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND
COMPANY AFFAIRS

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 8th January, 1993

Pausa 19, 1914 (Saka)

The National Thermal Power Corporation Limited, The
National Hydroelectric Power Corporation Limited and
The North-Eastern Electric Power Corporation Limited
(Acquisition and Transfer of Power Transmission Systems)
Ordinance, 1993

No. 10 of 1993

Promulgated by the President in the Forty-third
Year of the Republic of India

An Ordinance to provide in the public interest for the acquisition and transfer of the power transmission systems of the three companies and the right, title and interest of those companies in the power transmission system situated in different parts of India, with a view to developing the National Power Grid to ensure transmission of power, within and across the different regions of India, on a more scientific, efficient and economic basis and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Whereas a Bill to provide in the public interest for the acquisition and transfer of the power transmission systems of the three companies and the right, title and interest of those companies in the power transmission system situated in different parts of India, with a view to developing the National Power Grid to ensure transmission of power, within and across the different regions of India, on a more scientific and economic basis and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto, was introduced in the House of the People, but has not been passed;

And whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action to give effect to the provisions of the said Bill;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the National Thermal Power Corporation Limited, the National Hydroelectric Power Corporation Limited and the North-Eastern Electric Power Corporation Limited (Acquisition and Transfer of Power Transmission Systems) Ordinance, 1993.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) The provisions of sections 8 to 11 and sections 13 to 16 shall come into force at once and the other provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of April, 1992.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “appointed day” means the 1st day of April, 1992;

(b) “associated personnel” means the employees of each of the three companies associated with its power transmission system;

(c) “Corporation” means the Power Grid Corporation of India Limited, being a company within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1956 and having its registered office at Hemkunt Chambers, 89, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019; 1 of 1956.

(d) “notification” means a notification published in the Official Gazette;

(e) “power transmission system”, in relation to each company specified in the First Schedule, means the main transmission lines [including extra high voltage alternative current (EHVAC) lines and high voltage direct current (HVDC) lines] and sub-stations owned by each such company;

(f) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Ordinance;

(g) “three companies” means the companies specified in the First Schedule;

(h) words and expressions used herein and not defined but defined in the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 or as 54 of 1948. the case may be, the Companies Act, 1956 shall have the meanings, respectively, assigned to them in those Acts. 1 of 1956.

CHAPTER II

Acquisition and transfer of power transmission systems

3. *Acquisition of rights of three companies in relation to the power transmission systems.*—(1) On the appointed day, the power transmission system and the right, title and interest of each of the three companies in relation to its power transmission system shall, by virtue of this Ordinance, be deemed to have been transferred to, and vested in, the Central Government.

(2) The power transmission systems vested in the Central Government by virtue of sub-section (1) shall, immediately after they had so vested, be deemed to have been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation.

4. *General effect of vesting.*—(1) The power transmission system shall be deemed to include all assets, rights, leaseholds, powers, authorities and privileges and all property, movable and immovable, relating to such system including lands, buildings, workshops, projects (whether complete or at any stage of completion or planning), stores, spares, instruments, machinery and equipment, construction equipment, unutilised long-term and short-term loans and all other rights and interests in, or arising out of, such property as were, immediately before the appointed day, in the ownership, possession, power or control of the three companies and all

books of account, registers and all other documents of whatever nature relating thereto but shall be deemed not to include—

(a) book debts due to the three companies, immediately before the appointed day;

(b) cash balances and bank balances as on the appointed day;

(c) income and expenditure on revenue account relating to any period before the appointed day.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that rights in relation to the power transmission system of each of the three companies which have been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation under sub-section (2) of section 3 and this sub-section shall include the right to collect transmission charges for transmission of power and any monies collected on or after the appointed day by any of the three companies as transmission charges (whether shown separately or not) shall be payable by such company to the Corporation.

(2) Unless otherwise expressly provided by this Ordinance, all deeds, bonds, guarantees (other than guarantees given by the Government of India), agreements, powers of attorney, grants of legal representation and other instruments of whatever nature in relation to the power transmission system of each of the three companies, subsisting or having effect immediately before the appointed day, and to which each of the three companies is a party or which are in favour of any said companies shall be of as full force and effect against or in favour of the Corporation and may be enforced or acted upon as fully and effectually as if in the place of the concerned company the Corporation had been a party thereto or as if they had been issued in favour of the Corporation.

(3) If, on the date of promulgation of this Ordinance, any suit, appeal or other proceeding of whatever nature in relation to any property or assets which have been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation under sub-section (2) of section 3, instituted or preferred by or against any of the three companies is pending, the same shall not abate, be discontinued or be, in any way, prejudicially affected by reason of the transfer of the power transmission system of that company or of anything contained in this Ordinance, but the suit, appeal or other proceeding may be continued, prosecuted or enforced, subject to the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5, by or against the Corporation.

5. Corporation to be liable for certain prior liabilities.—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), every liability of each of the three companies in relation to its power transmission system, in respect of any period prior to the appointed day, which has been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation under sub-section (2) of section 3, shall be the liability of the Corporation and shall be enforceable against the Corporation and not against the company:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall apply to—

(a) the income and expenditure on revenue account relating to any period before the

appointed day and received or, as the case may be, incurred by any of the three companies on or after the appointed day;

(b) arrears of depreciation, regarding contingent liabilities on capital account relating to any period before the appointed day, arising on account of the decision of any court, tribunal or other authority.

(2) Where any repayment of a loan or interest, or both, has been made, on or after the appointed day, by any of the three companies to any lending agency, such repayment shall be deemed to have been made by the Corporation and the amount of such repayment shall be reimbursed by the Corporation to the concerned company on adjustment of transmission charges or any other amount due to the Corporation from the concerned company.

6. Corporation to be lessee or tenant.—(1) Where any property is held by any of the three companies in relation to its power transmission under any lease or right of tenancy, the Corporation shall, on and from the appointed day, be deemed to have become the lessee or tenant, as the case may be, in respect of such property as if the lease or tenancy in relation to such property had been granted to the Corporation and thereupon all the rights under such lease or tenancy shall be deemed to have been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation.

(2) On the expiry of the term of any lease or tenancy referred to in sub-section (1), such lease or tenancy shall, if so desired by the Corporation, be renewed on the same terms and conditions on which the lease or tenancy was held by any of the three companies immediately before the appointed day.

7. Removal of doubts.—(1) For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the provisions of sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 shall apply to the extent to which any property appertains to the business relating to the power transmission system carried on by the three companies and to the rights and powers acquired, and to debts, liabilities and obligations incurred, and to contracts, agreements and other instruments made by any of the three companies and to legal proceedings relating to those matters pending in any court, tribunal or other authority in India.

(2) If any question arises as to whether any property appertained, on the appointed day, to any business of any of the three companies in relation to its power transmission system, or whether any rights, powers, debts, liabilities or obligations were acquired or incurred or any contract, agreement or other instrument was made by any of the three companies for the purposes of its said business, or whether any document relates to those purposes, the question shall be referred to the Central Government which shall, after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to the persons interested in the matter, decide it in such manner as it may think fit.

8. Payment of amount.—(1) For the transfer to, and vesting in the Central Government under sections 3 and 4, of the power transmission system

and the right, title and interest of each of the three companies in relation to its power transmission system, there shall be paid, in the prescribed manner, by the Central Government to each of the three companies such amount as is equal to the book value of all the assets and properties after deduction of liabilities (other than contingent liabilities) given in the audited statement of accounts of each of the three companies as on the 31st day of March, 1992.

(2) For the transfer to, and vesting in, the Corporation under sub-section (2) of section 3 of the power transmission system and the right, title and interest of each of the three companies in relation to its power transmission system, there shall be paid, in the prescribed manner, by the Corporation to the Central Government, the amount which is paid by that Government to the three companies under sub-section (1).

(3) In case of any dispute relating to the nature of any asset, property or liability or the amount payable under sub-section (1), the dispute shall be referred by the Central Government to such authority as it may appoint and the decision of that authority in the matter shall be final.

CHAPTER III

Delivery of assets, etc., to the Corporation

9. *Duty of persons to account for assets, etc. in their possession.* — (1) Any person who has, on the date of commencement of this Ordinance, in his possession or under his control, any assets, books and any other documents relating to the power transmission system which has been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation under sub-section (2) of section 3, shall be liable to account for the said assets, books and documents to the Corporation and shall deliver them up to the Corporation or to such person or persons as the Corporation may specify in this behalf.

(2) The Corporation may take or cause to be taken all necessary steps for securing possession of the power transmission system which has been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation under this Ordinance.

(3) Each of the three companies shall, within such period as the Corporation may allow in this behalf, furnish to the Corporation a complete inventory of all its property and assets as on the appointed day pertained to its power transmission system which has been transferred to, and vested in, the Corporation under sub-section (2) of section 3.

CHAPTER IV

Provisions relating to associated personnel

10. *Continuance of associated personnel.* — (1) On the vesting of the power transmission system of the three companies in the Corporation, the associated personnel who have been, immediately on or before the appointed day, employed in any of the three companies and have not already become employees of the Corporation shall become, on and

from the date of commencement of this Ordinance, employees of the Corporation and shall hold office or service under the Corporation on the terms and conditions which are not in any way less favourable than those which would have been admissible to them if there had been no such vesting and shall continue to do so unless and until their employment under the Corporation is duly terminated or until their remuneration and other conditions of service are duly altered by the Corporation.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, or any other law for the time being in force, the transfer of the services of the associated personnel to the Corporation shall not entitle such personnel to any compensation under this Ordinance or any other law for the time being in force and no such claim shall be entertained by any court, tribunal or other authority. 14 of 1947.

11. *Provident fund and other funds.* — (1) Where any of the three companies has established a provident fund or any other fund for the benefit of the persons employed by it, the monies relatable to the associated personnel who have already become employees of the Corporation or whose services have become transferred under this Ordinance to the Corporation shall, out of the monies standing, on the date of transfer of the associated personnel, to the credit of such provident fund or other fund stand transferred to, and vest in, the Corporation.

(2) The monies which stand transferred under sub-section (1) to the Corporation shall be dealt with by the Corporation in such manner as may be prescribed.

CHAPTER V

Miscellaneous

12. *Ordinance to have overriding effect.* — The provisions of this Ordinance shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any instrument having effect by virtue of any law, other than this Ordinance, or in any decree or order of any court, tribunal or other authority.

13. *Penalties.* — Any person who, —

(a) having in his possession, custody or control any property forming part of the power transmission system of any of the three companies wrongfully withholds such property from the Corporation; or

(b) wrongfully obtains possession of, or retains, any property forming part of the power transmission system of any of the three companies; or

(c) wilfully withholds or fails to furnish to the Corporation or any person or body of persons specified by the Corporation, any document or inventory relating to the power transmission system of any of the three companies, which may be in his possession, custody or control; or

(d) fails to deliver to the Corporation or any person or body of persons specified by that Corporation, any assets, books of account, registers or other documents in his possession, custody or control relating to the power transmission system of any of the three companies,

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years and also with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees.

14. *Offences by companies.*—(1) Where an offence punishable under this Ordinance has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge and that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where any offence under this Ordinance has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

(a) “company” means any body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and

(b) “director”, in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.

15. *Protection of action taken in good faith.*—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Central Government or the Corporation or any of the three companies or any officer of that Government, Corporation or company or any other person authorised by that Government, Corporation or company for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Ordinance.

16. *Power to make rules.*—(1) The Central Government may, by notification make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the manner in which the amount is to be paid under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 8;

(b) the manner in which the monies in any provident fund or other fund, referred to in sub-section (2) of section 11, shall be dealt with;

(c) any other matter which is required to be, or may be, prescribed.

(3) Every rule made by the Central Government under this Ordinance shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

THE SCHEDULE

[See section 2(e) and (g)]

Names of Companies

1. The National Thermal Power Corporation Limited, a company incorporated and registered under the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office in Core No. 7, SCOPE Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110008.

2. The National Hydroelectric Power Corporation Limited, a company incorporated and registered under the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office at Hemkunt Tower, 98, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019.

3. The North-Eastern Electric Power Corporation Limited, a company incorporated and registered under the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office at Kharmalki Road, Shillong-793001.

SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA,
President.

A. C. C. UNNI,
Additional Secretary to the Govt. of India.